WESTERN WATER COMPANY 2024 WATER QUALITY REPORT

IS MY DRINKING WATER SAFE?

Water quality is the first priority at Western Water Company. Constant testing by the dedicated staff of certified operators and laboratory personnel ensure the highest standards for drinking water quality are being met at all times. The test results for 2024 show Western Water Company's water to be of the highest quality. If you have any questions about water quality, please contact Jim Swearingen at the Water Treatment Plant, weekdays at (513)722-1682 between 8:30 A.M. and 5:00 P.M.

WHAT IS THE SOURCE OF MY WATER?

Western Water Company's water comes from an aquifer along the Little Miami River in Warren County. Western Water also purchases water from other water systems and then distributes the various supplies to their customers.

Western Water Company	Percent 51%	Source Little Miami River Aquifer Warren County
Cincinnati Water Works	49%	Ohio River, and Great Miami Aquifer

WHY ARE THERE CONTAMINANTS IN MY WATER?

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800)426-4791.

WHAT ARE SOURCES OF CONTAMINANTION TO DRINKING WATER?

The sources of drinking water both tap and bottled water includes rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surfaces of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and in some cases radioactive materials. The water can also pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include: (A) Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife; (B) Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; (C) Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm runoff and residential uses; (D) Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff and septic systems; (E) Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations, which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

SUSCEPTIBILITY ANALYSIS

One source of treated drinking water for Western Water Company is the Greater Cincinnati Water Works. Cincinnati has two sources of raw water, one being the Ohio River and the other is the Great Miami Buried Valley Aquifer.

As with all raw water sources, water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground. It dissolves naturally occurring minerals and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animal or human activity. As with all surface waters the Ohio EPA has classified the Ohio River as highly susceptible to potential contamination. The Ohio EPA has also classified their portion of the Great Miami Buried Valley Aquifer as highly susceptible to contamination due to the lack of an overlaying protective clay layer, the presence of low levels of nitrates and the presence of nearby potential contamination sources.

DO I NEED TO TAKE SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemo therapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800)426-4791.

IS OUR WATER SYSTEM MEETING OTHER RULES THAT GOVERN OUR OPERATIONS?

In 2021, our PWS was sampled as part of the State of Ohio's Drinking Water Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) Sampling Initiative. Results from this sampling indicated PFAS were detected in our drinking water below the action level established by Ohio EPA. Follow up monitoring is being conducted. For more information about PFAS, and to view our latest results, please visit pfas.ohio.gov.

In 2024 Western Water Company had an unconditional license to operate our water system.

TURBIDITY

Western Water Company purchases water from other water systems as explained in the source water section. We are required to report on the turbidity as an indication of the effectiveness or their filtration system. Turbidity is a measure of the cloudiness of water. The limit set by the EPA is 0.3 NTU in 95% of the samples analyzed each month, and shall not exceed 1 NTU at any time. As reported in GCWW's Data sheet provided with this CCR GCWW's highest recorded turbidity result for 2024 was .17 NTU at the Miller Water Plant and the lowest monthly percentage of samples meeting the turbidity limits was 100%.

HOW CAN I GET INVOLVED?

Our Water Officials will meet to answer questions each month at the Treatment Plant. Please feel free to participate. Call Jim Swearingen for dates and times at (513)722-1682.

LEAD CAN CAUSE SERIOUS HEALTH PROBLEMS

"If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Western Water Company is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for thirty seconds to two minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. A list of laboratories certified in the State of Ohio to test for lead may be found at http://www.epa.state.oh.us/ddagw or by calling 614-644-2752. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 800-426-4719 or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead".

Our distribution system has no lead, galvanized requiring replacement, or lead status unknown service lines. To determine this, we used the following sources: historic records, visual inspections or other documentations that indicate the service line materials. If you would like any additional information, please call the office at (513)722-1682

"THIS INSTITUTION IS AN EQUAL OPPORTUNITY PROVIDER"

	WESTERN	WATER CO.	2024 WAT	ER QUALI	TY DATA SHEET		
CONTAMINANTS	YEAR	LEVEL	MCL	MCLG	RANGE OF	VIOLATION	SOURCE OF CONTAMINANTS
	SAMPLE	DETECTED	İ		DETECTION	ł	COUNCE OF CONTAINMANTS
		,	INORGAL	VIC (REGUI	LATED) CONTAMIN	IANTS	EROSION OF NATURAL DEPOSITS. WATER ADDITIVE WHICH
FLUORIDE	2024	1.05 mg/l	4.0 mg/L	4.0 mg/L	0.82-1.27 mg/l	NONE	PROMOTES STRONG TEETH, DISCHARGE FROM FERTILIZER AND ALUMINUM FACTORIES
NITRATES	2020	0.93 mg/l	10.0 mg/L	10.0 mg/L	n/a	NONE	RUNOFF FROM FERTILIZER USE; LEACHING FROM SEPTIC TANKS, SEWAGE; EROSION OF NATURAL DEPOSITS
BARIUM	2019	0.0479 MG/L	2 MG/L	2MG/L	N/A	NONE	Erosion of natural deposits discharge from drilling wastes and metal refineries
RESIDUAL DISINFEC	TANTS				·		
TOTAL CHLORINE	2024	0.99 mg/l	MRDL=4	MRDLG=4	.93-1.02 mg/l	NONE	WATER ADDATIVE TO CONTROL MICROBES
			ORGAN	C CONTAN	MINANTS (REGULA	TED)	
HALOAGETIC ACID 5	2024	12.375 ug/l	60 ug/L	N/A	0-14.70 ug/l	NONE	BY PRODUCT OF DRINKING WATER CHLORINATION
ттнм's	2024	45.475 ug/l	80 ug/L	N/A	10.7-81.9 ug/l	NONE	BY PRODUCT OF DRINKING WATER CHLORINATION
LEAD AND COPPER				<u> </u>	······································		
LEAD	2024	2.0 ug/l	AL≔15.0 ug/l	Zero	<0.30-2.70 ug/L	NONE	CORROSION OF HOUSE-HOLD PLUMBING SYSTEMS
	Zero out of	30 samples w	as found to	have lead	levels in excess of the	ne lead acti	on level of 15 ug/L (80ug/L)
COPPER	2024	0.627 mg/l	AL=1.3 mg/L	1.3 mg/L	0.016-1.60 mg/L	NONE	CORROSION OF HOUSE-HOLD PLUMBING SYSTEMS
	One out of	30 samples wa	as found to	have coppe	er levels in excess o	the coppe	action level of 1.3 mg/l
					ONTAMINANTS		
OLU ODOCODM	EPA re	quired monitor	ing to deter	mining whe			d and whether it needs to regulate them
CHLOROFORM BROMOFORM	2024	12.11 ug/l 6.60 ug/l	na na		3.3-42.7 ug/l	na	Discount of deliberation of the Control of the Cont
BROMODICHLORO-	2024	0.00 ug/i	IId		0.80-18.4 ug/l	na	Byproducts of drinking water disinfection
METHANE	2024	10.29 ug/l	na	0	3.0-17.6 ug/l	na	
DIBROMOCHLORO-	.,		Mile production and a second				
METHANE	2024	12.35 ug/l	na	60 ug/l	2.9-22.3 ug/l	na	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
L				KEY TO AE	BREVIATIONS		
MCI - MAXIMUM CONTAMIN	VANT LEVEL -	THE HIGHEST LI	EVEL OF CON	TAMINANT A	LLOWED IN DRINKING	WATER	
MCLG - MAXIMUM CONTAN	MINANT LEVE	L GOAL - THE LE	VEL OF CONT	TAMINANT IN	DRINKING WATER BEL	OW WHICH	
THERE IS NO KNOWN RISH							
							ERE IS NO KNOWN OR EXPECTED RISK TO HEALT
MRDL-MAXIMUM RESIDUAL							
AL - ACTION LEVEL - THE (REQUIREMENT WHICH A V				ICH TRIGGER	S A TREATMENT OF O	HER	
TT- TREATMENT TECHNIQ				SEDIICE THE	LEVEL OF A CONTANTA	MIGO IN TINAL	KING WATER
MG/L - MILLIGRAMS PER LI		LLD (NOOLOG IIV	TENDED TO I	TEDOOL THE	FEATURE VIOLATIVATION	ALIAN DAVIN	MING WATER
UG/L - MICROGRAMS PER	LITER (PPB)						
N/R - NOT REGULATED							
INIT - NOT REGULATED							
PCI/L - PICO CURIES PER L	ITER, A MEA	SURE OF RADIOA	CTIVITY IN V	VATER			
NO NOT DETECTAC:	044015	_					
ND - NOT DETECTABLE AT	SAMPLE TIM	E					
NA - NOT APPLICABLE MRDL - MAXIMUM RESIDUA	AL DISINEECT	ION LEVE					
MRDLG - MAXIMUM RESIDU			AI.				
III USINON NEODC	D.OHN LC	OIV LEVEL OU					The second secon

2024 CCR Data for GCWW Wholesale Customers

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Tunion of Contention of Contention		Addition which menunction attends from from a face and account of	Account which promotes about beauti, way come from enables of the control of the	ronon non idenizer use, leaching from septic tanks, sewage, erosion of natural deposits.	Soil runoff		Motivalla reconsal facilities and an annual control of the control	NO 2004 In advantable present in the British Discharge Discharge Control of Provinced Agrange Discharge Control of Control Agrange Control of Control Agrange Control of Control Agrange Control of Co
	Year	A 4000	1000	+505	na s		5	7000
STATE STATE OF THE	Violation Sa	No.	2	7	2			2 2
Bolton Water	Range of Detections		Ī	18	E		ì	
	Highest Compliance Level Detected	0.86	4 08	20:	È		à	0.02
	Year Sampled	2024	2004	1207	2024		2024	2024
	Violation	S.	Š		S N		S	No
Miller Water	Range of Detections	0.72-0.96	0.47-0.96		0.04-0.17		2.05-3.22	na ²
	Highest Compliance Level Detected	06.0	96.0		71.0	100% < 0.3 NTU	3.11	0.04
	MCLG*	4	10		Bu	BU	na	2
	Maximum Allowed (MCL, AL, TT)*	4	10	The same of the same of the same	TT2 < 0.3 NT11 95% of	the time	F	2
	Unit	mdd	шос	1111	2		na	mdd
	Substance	Fluoride	Nitrate	Terchiolites	i di Didit		Total Organic Carbon ³	Barium
		Unit Maximum Alawed Highest Highest Range of Detection Viriation Year Sampled Detected Sampled Detected No. 1975	Unit Maximum Allowed MAXIMUM Allowed ALL AL TITY Highest AL ALL AL TITY Maximum Allowed Maximum Allowed ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL AL	Maximum Allowed Highest Highes	Miller Water Highest Highest	Maximum Allowed Highest Highes	Unit Maximum Allowed Highest	Maximum Allowed Highest Highes

			Millar Water					Dollar Mater	With the constitution of	STATE OF THE PARTY	
			19191			1		BOILD WAL			Typical Source of Contamination
Substance	Onit	WCLG*	Average Level Range of Violation Year Sampled ⁴	Range of Detections	Violation	Year Sampled	verage Level Detected	Range of Detections	Violation Sampled	Year Sampled	
	Ĺ			1		-					
orotorm	add	70	2.4	na.	na	2024	0.7	na2	na	2024	
modichloromethane	qda	0	3.4	na ²	na	2024	22	200	00	POUC	
							200	DI .	511	2021	Discontinuoles of stable land and state of the state of
romochloromethane	qdd	90	3.8	na,	au	2024	6.4	na,	na	2024	byproducts of distring water distring colon.
omoform	qua	0	<0.5	200	80	2004	0.3		000	7000	
-							0.0	BII	101	2024	
18[0	mdd	па	61	38 - 86	na	2024	42	па	na	2024	Erosion of natural deposits.
er and Polyfluoroalkyl Subst.	vaccus falls	O known as Locusor Chamicalet						THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON			

For the fifth round of the Companion Monthly (1978), U.S. DA Issued a list of unregulated contaminants that may be present in chinking water but were table for the CAMS, PAS companion Monthly Make water in the first contaminants were not desected in Miller water in the first contaminants were made and an example of the contaminants intended below were analyzed contaminants were made to detected.

				Mi	Miller Water				Bolton Water	er		Typical Source of Contamination
Substance	Unit	MCL*	MRL*	Average Level Detected	Range of Detection	Violation	Violation Year Sampled	Average Level Detected	Range of Detection	Violation	Year	The state of the s
Perfluorooctanolc acid (PFOA)	ppt	4.0	2.0	ри	na	na	2024	3.9	2.3 - 5.0	an a	2024	
Perflourooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS)	ppt	4.0	2.0	Pu	na	na	2024	4.2	2.8 - 5.4	宦	2024	Definitive and noted morted entertance (DEAS communicates as assumed a farmental state.
Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS)	þþ	10	2	ы	Eu	an Bu	2024	m	nd - 4	na	2024	inclounty are populationally addressed real of the Compound of an internal or intimioral utilities being the entitle of each incompanies of the 1948, usually in the manufacture force-site coeffings, clothing, carpet, and food wrappers. Research into the harm that PFAS compounds may cause to human health.
Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid (HFPO-DA or GenX)	ppt	10	2	1	9 - pu	na	2024	2	na	na	2024	is ongoing. GOVW meets all current EPA regulations. EPA established regulatory standards (MCL) for the group of PPAS cumments alsown fir Phis gard of the tambs. The standards du not take andered to soverely organ, or
Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA)	ppt	10	2	pu	eu	na	2024	pu	ELL	ВП	2024	GCWW is working with the Ohio EPA to investigate source water quality and operational or treatment modifications to minimize PFAS levels in the drinking water. Please see GCWW's vebsite for more
Perfluorobutanesulfonic acid (PFBS)	bbt	eu	2	pu	eu	na	2024	Е	nd - 4	na	2024	nformation - https://www.cincinnati-ch.gov/water/water-quafty-and-treatment/water-your-health/pfas/
Perfluorobutanoic acid (PFBA)	ppt	na	Z.	pu	eu	na	2024	Bn	na	na	2024	

Descend containments from the plant last.

The value reported under "Highest Compliance Level Desceled" for Total Organic Carbon (TOC) is the lowest ratio between percentage of TOC actually removed to the percentage of TOC actually removed to the percentage of TOC medical bits among A wall and planter from the percentage of TOC medical but have been removed to the percentage of TOC medical requirements. A value of planter and the TOC among requirements. A value of planter and requirements.

Results of GCWW Voluntary Monitoring for *Gryptospoordium*: GCOW has been defected it. GCOW has been for propagated in Crypto as a microcopie microcopiem in Crypto is a microcopiem to the concentration in the control properties of the control properties of GCOW has been desired for Crypto in the OID Rover actives wenter ent it was decleded in 1 of 4 samples during 2024. The CRYW speciment of the control properties of corres from animal and human westers withor nefer the watershed. Crypto is eliminated by an effective combination of treatment including sedimentation, filtration, and disinfection.

Sodium: GCWW has tested for sodium in treated water as it leaves the treatment plants and has found 28 mg (milligrams) per filter in the Miller water and 32 mg per liter in the Botton water. There are approximately 4 cups in a filter.

Turbidity: We are required to report on the Lubdity as an indication of the effectiveness of our fibration system. Turbidity is a measure of the cludings of water. The undity limit safe by the ERP & 6.3 MTU in 63% of the samples analyzed each month, and shall not exceed 1 NTU at any time. As appointed in the table above, GOVWY's pippest recorded funchigity result for 2024 wee 0.17 NTU (Aller Water) and the lowest monthly percentage of samples meeting the turbidity limits was 100%.

GCWW has a current unconditioned license to operate our water system. GCWW was in compliance with all state primary drinking water rules during 2024,

The Mar Treatment Part uses the Other Glear as its curron water. As with all surface waters, the Othe EPA has classified the Othe River as highly ausceptible to contamination. The Othe EPA has also classified his portion of the Great Mann Builde Viden y duffield into apprehen their to the Martin for the State in their and the first in the Martin or the Great Martin State of ice
ppt; pairs por traiton or nanograms per liter ppts; pairs ber liter in incinograms per liter perm; pairs per liter or million me per liter na; not positionale na; not positionale NITI. Nephalometric Turkdity Unit, used to mir not nessure quitty in cirriving vater na; not reading in cirriving vater nic not regulated.

Minimum Reporting Level or MRL: The level of a contaminant that can reliably be detected using the specified analytical method.

Maximum contaminant in drhiking
Maximum contaminant in drhiking
Maximum contaminant in ordinking

Meathrum Contaminant Lavel or MCL: The highest bevel of a contaminant that is a search and a contaminant that is best above of a contaminant that is best advoired not which we was the school of the MCLS as a leastless lung the best available treatment technology. MCLs for PFAS compounds will be offershe in 2020. As about the extra note that the contaminant which is a water to spraim and in the offershe in 2020. The treatment technology or TTA is made of the spraim and is done to extra the many of the contaminant head. The symbol of a sprain was its form, a result of 4 means at the hewest lived into contaminant head.